



THE ROLE OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES IN MAINTAINING PUBLIC ORDER

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Abstract: This article examines the role of internal affairs bodies in maintaining public order. The main tasks of internal affairs bodies, their role in ensuring public safety, issues of dialogue with citizens and the use of modern technologies will be analyzed. The article focuses on the reforms implemented in our country, their effectiveness, and existing problems. Based on the research of scientists, the influence of the activities of bodies on society and ways to further improve it are indicated. The goal is to scientifically and practically substantiate the importance of internal affairs bodies in strengthening public order and to make proposals in this regard.

Keywords: internal affairs bodies, public order, security, crime prevention, dialogue with citizens, technologies, reforms, prevention, rule of law.

Public order and security are key factors in the socio-economic development of any country and the peaceful life of its citizens. Internal affairs bodies act as an important institution in ensuring this order, performing the functions of implementing the rule of law, preventing crime and protecting the rights of citizens, and acting as an important link between the state and society. According to scientists, the activities of internal affairs bodies in maintaining public order are not limited to monitoring law and order, but also include regulating social relations in society and guaranteeing the safety of citizens. For example, Ismailov I. in his work proposed "completely new procedures and mechanisms for ensuring public safety," analyzing the role of these bodies based on new approaches[1]. This opinion emphasizes the scientific and practical significance of the role of internal affairs bodies in maintaining public order, since they ensure the stability of society not only by taking reactive measures, but also through preventive activities.

The main tasks of the internal affairs bodies are multifaceted, including maintaining public order, combating crime, and strengthening dialogue with citizens. By carrying out patrol services in public places, they prevent disorder, ensure safety at public events, and contribute to raising the legal culture of citizens. Ziyadullayev M.Z. in his research emphasized the improvement of the management of internal affairs bodies, linking their role in maintaining public order with information and analytical activities, since "the success of the task of maintaining public order and combating crime in the service area largely depends on how well information and analytical activities are regulated" [2]. This opinion indicates the important role of informational and analytical work in the activities of these bodies, since in modern conditions, not only physical strength is insufficient to prevent crime, but a scientific and analytical approach is also required.

Public order is understood as the observance of social relations in society within the framework of the law, the observance of the rights of citizens, and the safety of their vital

activities. Internal affairs bodies actively participate in ensuring this order through patrol service, crime investigation, and preventive measures. For example, during mass events, they monitor security and prevent disturbances. Selimanova S.M. and Khudoyberdiyev A.A. in their work analyzed "the main directions of maintaining public order at mass events in cooperation with the units of the National Guard of the internal affairs bodies" and noted the effectiveness of cooperation [3]. This cooperation demonstrates the importance of coordinated actions of bodies in maintaining public order, as the level of security increases through a unified system.

The reforms carried out in our country to modernize the activities of internal affairs bodies have significantly increased their effectiveness. The introduction of modern technologies, such as video surveillance systems and databases, has made it possible to quickly detect and prevent crimes. In his research, Sharipov S.S. writes that "the introduction of information and communication technologies has made it possible to reduce the bureaucratic burden on citizens, save the time of law enforcement officers, quickly and effectively administer justice, quickly mobilize forces and resources, and quickly respond to citizens' appeals" [4]. This idea emphasizes the role of technology in maintaining public order, as it makes the work of bodies transparent and effective.

Information and analytical work plays an important role in the activities of internal affairs bodies, as it serves as a basis for studying the state of crime and planning measures. V.V. Paramonov, based on his work, outlined the scientific foundations of informational and analytical work and showed its place in the activities of law enforcement agencies [5]. This approach requires the use of scientific methods by internal affairs bodies in maintaining public order, since only practical experience is insufficient.

Dialogue with citizens is an important part of the activities of internal affairs bodies, which creates an atmosphere of trust in society by promptly considering citizens' appeals and providing legal assistance. A. V. Jaglin considered public safety "a social phenomenon and an element of the national security system," emphasizing the role of internal affairs bodies in its protection [6]. This view connects the activities of bodies with national security, since public order is the basis of the country's stability.

Cooperation is of great importance in the practical activities of internal affairs bodies, in particular, maintaining order at public events together with the units of the National Guard. Sharipov S.S. analyzed "some aspects of improving the cooperation of internal affairs bodies in the field of public safety" and proposed improving the mechanisms of cooperation [7]. This cooperation increases the effectiveness of bodies, as the level of security increases through the pooling of resources.

In our country, the legal basis for the activities of internal affairs bodies is based on legislative acts, for example, the law on internal affairs bodies and other normative acts. Ismailov I. believes that this law "established a new stage in the system of reforms of internal affairs bodies, eliminating legal gaps, ambiguities, and disagreements" [8]. This law clarifies the functions of bodies and defines the protection of public order as the main activity.

There are also problems in the activities of internal affairs bodies, for example, in improving the qualifications of personnel and logistical support. Talxigova L. proposed improving information-analytical work, emphasizing increasing its effectiveness [9]. To solve these problems, it is necessary to introduce constant training and technologies.

The influence of internal affairs bodies on society is significant, as they reduce crime and increase citizens' trust. Ziyodullayev M.Z. emphasized the importance of improving the management of public order and security [10]. This influence contributes to the sustainable development of the country.

In conclusion, the internal affairs bodies play an important role in maintaining public order and ensure the rule of law. By further improving their activities, it is possible to form a safe and stable society in our country.

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