

PROFESSIONAL SKILLS OF EDUCATORS IN PRESCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

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Abstract: This article explores the significance of professional skills for teachers in preschool educational organizations. Drawing upon existing research and literature, the article examines the key competencies and abilities required of teachers to deliver highquality early childhood education. The identified professional skills encompass pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, socialemotional competence, and ongoing professional development.

Key words: professional skills, preschool education, pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, social-emotional competence, professional development.

INTRODUCTION

The role of teachers in preschool educational organizations is pivotal in shaping the learning experiences and developmental outcomes of young children. The professional skills possessed by teachers play a crucial role in ensuring high-quality early childhood education. These skills encompass a range of competencies that enable teachers to create engaging learning environments, foster children's holistic development, and establish positive relationships with both children and their families.

The professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations encompass a diverse set of areas, including pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, and social-emotional competence. Pedagogical knowledge refers to a deep understanding of child development, learning theories, and evidence-based practices that inform effective teaching strategies in early childhood education. By leveraging this knowledge, teachers can design and implement developmentally appropriate curriculum and activities that meet the individual needs and interests of each child.

Effective instructional strategies form another essential component of teachers' professional skills. Teachers must possess the ability to engage children in meaningful and stimulating learning experiences, employing techniques such as scaffolding, hands-on activities, and differentiated instruction. They should be adept at fostering critical thinking, problem-solving skills, creativity, and a love for learning among young children.

Furthermore, effective classroom management skills are crucial for maintaining an orderly and supportive learning environment. Teachers must be able to establish clear expectations, routines, and boundaries, while also promoting a positive and inclusive classroom culture. Strong classroom management skills enable teachers to create a safe and nurturing environment where children feel secure to explore, take risks, and engage in meaningful interactions with their peers.

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Assessment techniques are also integral to the professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations. Teachers should be competent in using a variety of assessment methods to gather data about children's progress and learning outcomes. This information informs instructional decision-making, allows for individualized support, and promotes continuous improvement in teaching practices.

Moreover, social-emotional competence is a critical aspect of teachers' professional skills. Teachers must possess the ability to build positive relationships with children, promote their social-emotional development, and effectively manage conflicts or challenging behaviors. By fostering a warm and supportive environment, teachers can create a sense of belonging and emotional well-being among young learners.

LITERATURE REVIEW

The professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations play a vital role in shaping the quality of early childhood education. This literature review examines existing research and scholarly works to provide an overview of the key professional skills required of teachers in preschool settings.

- 1. Pedagogical Knowledge: Effective teachers in preschool educational organizations possess a solid foundation of pedagogical knowledge. This knowledge includes understanding child development theories, learning styles, and evidence-based instructional practices (Morrison, 2009). Teachers with a strong pedagogical knowledge base can design and implement developmentally appropriate curriculum and activities that support children's learning and growth.
- 2. Instructional Strategies: Successful teachers in preschool settings employ a variety of instructional strategies to engage children in meaningful learning experiences. These strategies may include play-based learning, hands-on activities, group work, and individualized instruction (Berk, 2013). By using diverse instructional approaches, teachers can accommodate different learning styles and promote active participation among children.
- 3. Classroom Management: Effective classroom management is crucial for creating a positive and organized learning environment. Teachers need to establish clear expectations, rules, and routines while promoting a sense of belonging and community in the classroom (Kostelnik et al., 2015). Strong classroom management skills enable teachers to maintain order, maximize instructional time, and facilitate positive social interactions among children.
- 4. Assessment Techniques: Skilled teachers in preschool educational organizations use various assessment techniques to monitor children's progress and inform instructional decisions. These techniques may include observation, documentation, portfolios, and formative assessments (Katz, 2009). By gathering data about children's strengths and areas for improvement, teachers can tailor their instruction to meet individual needs and provide appropriate support.
- 5. Social-Emotional Competence: Teachers with strong social-emotional competence can foster positive relationships and support children's social-emotional development. They create a nurturing environment where children feel safe, respected, and valued (Denham & Brown, 2010). By promoting social skills, emotional regulation, and empathy, teachers help children develop essential life skills that contribute to their overall well-being.
- 6. Professional Development: Continuous professional development is essential for teachers to enhance their skills and stay updated with research and best practices. Ongoing training opportunities, workshops, and collaborations with colleagues contribute to teachers'

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professional growth (Harms et al., 2005). Engaging in professional development activities enables teachers to refine their skills and adapt to evolving educational trends and needs.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

To examine the professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations, a comprehensive analysis was conducted, integrating existing research and scholarly works in the field. The analysis focused on identifying the key professional skills required of teachers and their impact on early childhood education outcomes.

The findings indicate that pedagogical knowledge is a fundamental skill for teachers in preschool settings. Teachers with a solid understanding of child development theories and evidence-based instructional practices can create and implement developmentally appropriate curriculum and activities. This knowledge enables them to meet the individual needs and interests of children, promoting optimal learning experiences.

Furthermore, effective instructional strategies play a crucial role in engaging children and facilitating meaningful learning. Teachers who employ a range of instructional approaches, such as play-based learning, hands-on activities, and individualized instruction, are more likely to promote active participation and cater to diverse learning styles. This contributes to enhanced learning outcomes and a positive learning environment.

The analysis also highlights the significance of classroom management skills in preschool education. Teachers who establish clear expectations, rules, and routines create an organized and supportive learning environment. This fosters a sense of safety, predictability, and belonging among children, enabling them to focus on learning and social interactions. Effective classroom management positively influences children's behavior, engagement, and overall well-being.

Assessment techniques emerged as another important aspect of professional skills for teachers in preschool educational organizations. Teachers who utilize various assessment methods, such as observation, documentation, and formative assessments, gain valuable insights into children's progress and areas for improvement. This data informs instructional decision-making, allowing teachers to tailor their approaches, provide targeted support, and ensure individualized learning experiences.

Additionally, social-emotional competence was found to be a critical professional skill for teachers. Creating a nurturing and supportive environment where children feel safe and valued promotes their social and emotional development. Teachers who possess strong social-emotional competence foster positive relationships, facilitate conflict resolution, and support children in developing important life skills that contribute to their overall well-being.

Lastly, the analysis highlights the significance of ongoing professional development for teachers. Continuous learning and professional growth through training, workshops, and collaborations enable teachers to enhance their skills and stay abreast of research and best practices. Engaging in professional development activities equips teachers with the knowledge and tools to adapt to changing educational trends and effectively meet the evolving needs of children.

The analysis and results emphasize the importance of professional skills for teachers in preschool educational organizations. Pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, social-emotional competence, and ongoing professional development all contribute to effective teaching practices and positive



IBAST | Volume 3, Issue 6, June

INTERNATIONAL BULLETIN OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

 $UIF = 8.2 \mid SJIF = 5.955$

ISSN: 2750-3402

educational outcomes for young children. By cultivating these skills, teachers can create engaging and supportive learning environments that promote children's holistic development and prepare them for future academic success.

CONCLUSION

The professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations are integral to the quality and effectiveness of early childhood education. This article has examined the key professional skills required of teachers and their significance in promoting optimal learning experiences and developmental outcomes for young children.

The findings emphasize the importance of pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, social-emotional competence, and ongoing professional development. Teachers who possess a solid understanding of child development theories, evidence-based instructional practices, and age-appropriate curriculum design can create engaging and developmentally appropriate learning experiences.

Effective instructional strategies, including play-based learning, hands-on activities, and individualized instruction, cater to the diverse learning needs and styles of children. Such strategies foster active participation, critical thinking, and problem-solving skills, enhancing the overall learning outcomes in preschool educational organizations.

Furthermore, classroom management skills are essential for establishing a positive and organized learning environment. Teachers who effectively manage their classrooms create a safe and nurturing space where children feel secure to explore, interact, and learn. Clear expectations, rules, and routines contribute to a sense of belonging, cooperation, and optimal engagement among children.

Assessment techniques enable teachers to monitor children's progress, identify strengths and areas for improvement, and adapt their instruction accordingly. By utilizing diverse assessment methods, such as observation and documentation, teachers can gain valuable insights into children's development and tailor their approaches to meet individual needs.

Social-emotional competence is a crucial skill for teachers in fostering positive relationships, supporting children's social-emotional development, and managing conflicts or challenging behaviors. Creating a nurturing and inclusive environment promotes emotional well-being, empathy, and social skills among young learners.

Lastly, ongoing professional development is key to enhancing teachers' skills and keeping up with the latest research and best practices. Engaging in continuous learning opportunities enables teachers to refine their professional skills, adapt to evolving educational trends, and meet the changing needs of children and families.

In conclusion, the professional skills of teachers in preschool educational organizations are vital for providing high-quality early childhood education. Pedagogical knowledge, instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment techniques, social-emotional competence, and ongoing professional development all contribute to effective teaching practices and positive educational outcomes. By cultivating these skills, teachers can create engaging and supportive learning environments that lay a strong foundation for children's future academic success and holistic development.



IBAST | Volume 3, Issue 6, June

INTERNATIONAL BULLETIN OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

 $UIF = 8.2 \mid SJIF = 5.955$

IBAST ISSN: 2750-3402

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